Year	What content (units)?	Why this content now? Why this order? (do not try to justify	What are the key skills practised?
		everything. Only refer to things that matter and leave	
7	Community The Bible Hinduism Lent & Easter Creation & Pentecost Prayer	gaps for the rest) Across Key Stage 3 pupils study the key elements of Christian belief and teaching – Jesus Christ, the Human Person, the Church, the seven Sacraments and the Liturgical Year – according to the Roman Catholic tradition. In each year one unit of study focuses on one of the major world religions. The scheme of work is planned so that the elements of the liturgical year which are studied coincide with that time of year. For example, in Year 7 Lent and Easter are studied during half term 4.	Bible reference finding skills. Knowledge of key concepts for each unit of study. Describe, explain, analyse and evaluation skills are introduced and embedded from Year 7 onwards.
8	Judaism Jesus Forgiveness & Reconciliation Eucharist Covenant Church		
9	Christian Service Islam Marriage & Family Life Pilgrimage Component 3 Study of a World Faith – Judaism Beliefs and Teachings		
10	Component 3 Study of a World Faith — Judaism Practices Component 1 Foundational Catholic Theology Origins and Meaning Good and Evil Life and Death (1)	Having taught the EDUQAS Catholic Route B GCSE in Religious Studies GCSE in numerical sequence to the first cohort of pupils, it became apparent that teaching Component 3 first makes much more sense. This is because pupils are expected to apply their knowledge and understanding of Judaism in	

		both the Foundational and Applied Catholic Theology papers. There the order of study is now Component 3, 1,	
		2.	
11	Component 2	25% of GCSE Religious Studies	
	Applied Catholic Theology	is a study of a second world	
	Life and Death (2)	faith. At Our Lady's we study	
	Sin and Forgiveness	Judaism in line with the	
	Revision	guidance of the bishops of	
		England and Wales.	